# MEDICAL DEVICES REGULATION IN THAILAND

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12<sup>th</sup> AHWP Meeting, 25 October 2007

#### MEDICAL DEVICE ACT IN THAILAND

- Before 1988, using Drug Act
- Since May 1988 Medical Device Act
- Medical Device Control Division, Food and Drug Administration was officially established in June 1990 as regulatory authority to control manufacture, import, sale and advertise medical devices in Thailand.

### LAW AND REGULATION UNDER MEDICAL DEVICE ACT 1988

- Act of 82 Sections under 11 Chapters
- Ministerial Regulations (MOPH)
- Ministerial Notifications
- FDA rules

## Definition of Medical Devices under the ACT(1)

- 1. Equipment, products or articles used in the clinical practice of medical doctors, dentists, nurses and midwifery, veterinarians, and other health professionals
- 2. Equipment, products or articles that have effects on the health, the structure or any function of human or <u>animal</u> body

### Definition of Medical Devices under the ACT(2)

3. Constituents, components, accessories or parts of the equipment, products or articles under 1 or 2

4. Other equipment, products or articles notified in the Government Gazette by the Minister of MOPH as medical devices

#### **REMARKS: DEFINITION OF MEDICAL DEVICES**

- include Medical Devices
   For Animal Use
- include IVD products
- include Software

#### CONTROL OF MEDICAL DEVICES

- Premarketing approval
- Control at port by FDA inspectors with close relation with custom officers
- Postmarketing surveillance and vigilance
- Advertisement control
- Communication of risk information to the public

#### Premarketing approval

Medical Devices are classified into 3 groups:

- · Licensed Medical Device
- Notified Medical Device
- General Medical Device



#### Licensed Medical Devices

- Condoms
- Surgical Gloves
- Examination Gloves
- Disposable Syringes
- Insulin disposable Syringes
- · HIV test kit for diagnosis

#### **Notified Medical Devices**

- Physical therapy devices
- Alcohol detectors
- Silicone Breast implants
- Breast Enhancer external use devices
- HIV test kits for research use

#### **General Medical Devices**

- Devices not on the list of Licensed medical device and Notified medical device
- Majorities are general medical devices



#### General Medical Devices (2)

- Certificate of Manufacturing Quality System (ISO13485,GMP) is also required for human use medical devices:
- 1. Implants
- 2. Medical devices from tissue origin
- 3. Sterile medical devices
- 4. Diagnostic/Treatment Radiation Devices

#### **General Medical Devices (3)**

Certificate of Manufacturing Quality System (ISO13485,GMP) is also required for human use medical devices:

- 5. In Vitro Diagnostic Products:
- Blood group detection
- HIV/Hepatitis/HTLV infection, Anti-CMV, HPV, HLA typing
- Antihumanglobulin(Coombs' reagent)

#### General Medical Devices (4)

Certificate of Manufacturing Quality System (ISO13485,GMP) is also required for human use medical devices:

#### 5. In Vitro Diagnostic Products:

• Biochemical Test: Glucose, Lipid profile, Liver function test, Uric acid, BUN, Creatinine, Pregnancy test, Narcotics, Hormones(Thyroid, Fertile), Tumor markers(AFP, CEA, PSA), Cardiac markers(CK, CK-MB, Troponin)

#### General Medical Devices (5)

- Certificate of Manufacturing Quality System (ISO13485,GMP) is also required for human use medical devices:
- 6. Solution for sterilizing medical devices
- 7. Tooth fillings and crowning materials

#### **Medical Devices Prohibited for Importation**

- Banned in countries of manufacturing or countries of product ownership
- No FDA Certificate for custom process in case of general medical devices
- In case of suspect in efficacy or safety of medical devices and no supported technical evidence, FDA Certificate may not be issued.

#### Medical Devices Prohibited for Importation/Manufacture (1)

- No Product License in case of License-classed products
- No Certificate of Notification in case of Notified-classed products

#### Medical Devices Prohibited for Importation/Manufacture (2)

- Fake devices
- Sub-standard devices
- Deteriorated devices
- Unsafe devices which include devices which efficacy are doubtful

#### **Control of Advertisement**

- all classes of medical devices
- any means of medical device advertisement for trading purpose must be approved
- False or exaggerated advertisement with any means are prohibited

# LABEL REQUIREMENT (1) Translated in Thai

- name, category, type of products
- name and address of importer and origin manufacturer
- name and address of manufacturer
- packing quantity
- batch or lot number

## LABEL REQUIREMENT (2) Translated in Thai

- license number
- intended use
- instruction for use and storage
- warning and precaution (as required)
- expiry date (as required)
- Mbor single use" in case of disposable

# Duties of Licensee and Notifier

- submit adverse effects report to FDA within 15 working days, in case of death or severe injure occurredreport within 24 hours
- submit importation and distribution report to FDA

#### **Post-Marketing Control of Medical Devices**

- premise regular inspection
- product sampling check, recalling system
- · cease production, importation and distribution
- AE reporting and vigilance system
- law enforcement, Public education and awareness

#### **Network of Control**

- Provincial FDA operated by provincial health office
- Inspection at FDA port situated among all region
- Network of Expertise, Lab/Test Agency, Standard organization, etc

#### One Stop Service Center in Thai FDA

- Pre-marketing service for all FDA responsible health products: medical device, drug,food, cosmetic, hazardous substances
- Pre-advertisement approval
- Issuing Certificates, complaint service, etc

# FUTURE TREND?!